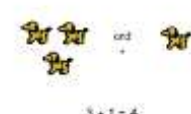
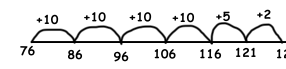
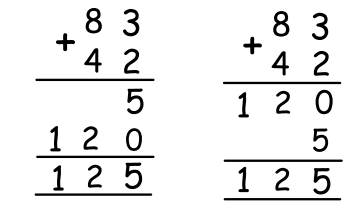
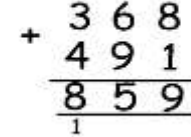

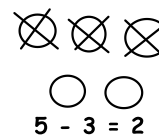
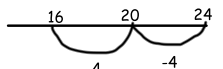
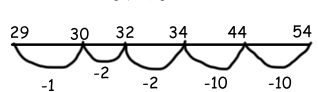
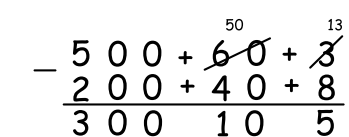
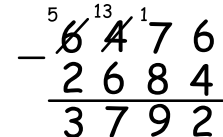




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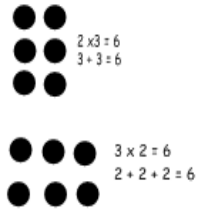
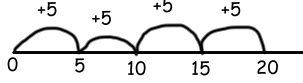

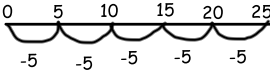
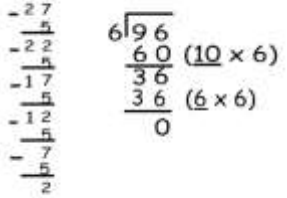
Calculation Policy

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4	Stage 5	Stage 6	Stage 7
Addition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Practical activities and discussions <i>leading</i> to pictorial representation.  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Finding one more than a number from 1 to 20 Using vocabulary associated with addition. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begin to use the + and = sign to record mental calculations Know by heart all number bonds to 10 Use knowledge to know that addition can be done in any order to do mental calculations more efficiently. Using number lines to add in 1s 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adding three single digit numbers mentally Know by heart all number bonds to 20 Use + and = to record mental calculations Use number line to make informal jottings  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use partitioning to reflect mental methods $40 + 70 = 110$ $7 + 6 = 13$ $110 + 13 = 123$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using informal pencil and paper methods (jottings) Use brackets in partitioning $47 + 76 = (40 + 70) + (7 + 6)$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduce vertical addition using either least or most significant figure first. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Children using compact layout, involving carrying. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compact addition using carrying for thousands, hundreds, tens and units and decimals. Consolidation of stage 6.
Subtraction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Practical activities and discussion Finding one less than a number from 1 - 10 Begin to relate subtraction <p>Oral $3 - 2 =$</p>  <p>practical and visual (sweets, etc)</p> <p>to "taking away"</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begin to use the - and = sign to record mental calculations also pictorial  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know by heart all subtraction facts to 5 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know by heart all subtraction facts to 10 <p>$24 - 8 =$</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using informal pencil and paper methods (jottings) Know all subtraction facts to 20 Use number line to make informal jottings using multiples of 10 to help <p>$54 - 25 =$</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduce expanded decomposition <p>$563 - 248$</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Decomposition extended to decimals and larger numbers Contracted recording of decomposition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Consolidation of stage 6 Contracted recording of decimals.



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Calculation Policy

<p>Multiplication</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Working at a practical level to gain experience of doubling and become familiar with appropriate language. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know by heart addition doubles to at least 5. Counting in 2,5,10xs using pictorial recordings.  <p>verbal discussion</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand multiplication as repeated addition. <p>Arrays</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mental methods using partitioning $38 \times 7 = (30 \times 7) + (8 \times 7)$  $4 \times 5 = 20$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduction of grid layout to show expanded working out $38 \times 7 =$ <table border="1"> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>30</td> <td>8</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>210</td> <td>56</td> <td>266</td> </tr> </table> <p>Column addition can be used to total the grids.</p> $\begin{array}{r} + 210 \\ + 56 \\ \hline 266 \end{array}$	x	30	8		7	210	56	266	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Grid method extended to bigger numbers (HTU x TU) Introduction of vertical format linked to grid method <table border="1"> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>100</td> <td>50</td> <td>6</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>20</td> <td>2000</td> <td>1000</td> <td>120</td> <td>3120</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>700</td> <td>350</td> <td>42</td> <td>1092</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4212</td> </tr> </table> $\begin{array}{r} \times 38 \\ 210 \quad (30 \times 7) \\ 56 \quad (8 \times 7) \\ \hline 266 \end{array}$	x	100	50	6		20	2000	1000	120	3120	7	700	350	42	1092					4212	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Consolidation of stage 6 Grid method extended to bigger numbers and decimals <table border="1"> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>20</td> <td>30</td> <td>0.5</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>200</td> <td>30</td> <td>5</td> <td>235</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>40</td> <td>6</td> <td>1</td> <td>47</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>282</td> </tr> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contracted vertical multiplication, e.g. $\begin{array}{r} \times 38 \\ 266 \\ \hline \end{array}$	x	20	30	0.5		10	200	30	5	235	2	40	6	1	47					282
x	30	8																																																					
7	210	56	266																																																				
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20	2000	1000	120	3120																																																			
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10	200	30	5	235																																																			
2	40	6	1	47																																																			
				282																																																			
<p>Division</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Working at a practical level to gain experience of sharing and to become familiar with the appropriate language. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Separate a given number of objects into equal groups and record results informally using pictures. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand division as grouping, repeated subtraction or sharing, and record informally $8 \div 2 =$  <p>Interpret as how many 2's in 8?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use the ÷ and = signs recording horizontally $12 \div 3 = 4$ <p>Repeated subtraction</p>  <p>Moving on to remainders.</p> $25 \div 5 = 5$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begin to use standard written methods e.g. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use standard written methods using multiples of 10 e.g. $196 \div 6 = 32 \text{ r } 4$ $\begin{array}{r} 6 \overline{) 196} \\ \underline{180} \quad (30 \times 6) \\ 16 \\ \underline{12} \quad (2 \times 6) \\ 4 \end{array}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Consolidation of Stage 6 Contraction of formal method $\begin{array}{r} 75 \text{ r } 2 \\ 5 \overline{) 377} \end{array}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Move onto decimals. 																																																