



Subject: Geography								
Years: 1-6								
YEAR GROUP	EYFS	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	YEAR 6	
Locational Knowledge	 Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos (UTW); Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live (UTW). Describe their immediate environment. 	 Name the four countries and capital cities of the UK and its surrounding seas. Locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas. 	Name the world's seven continents and five oceans.	Name the counties and cities of the United Kingdom	 Name the counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time. 			





			 Locate the world's seven continents and five oceans on both 2D maps and globes. 	 Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe and North and South America. Know the countries of North and South America Know that there are different environmental regions, e.g. rainforest, tundra etc. 	 Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities. 	 Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on North and South America. Know the countries of North and South America and the major cities. 	 Know the world's continents and countries of Europe.
				 Understand the significance of, and Identify the position of Equator 	 Understand the significance of and identify the position the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night). 	 Understand the significance of, and Identify the position of the Equator, Northern Hemisphere and Southern Hemisphere. 	 Understand the names and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn.
Place Knowledge	 Knowledge of housing and physical features in countries they have experienced through stories, texts and maps. 	 Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a 			 Understand and describe geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, 	 Understand and describe geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom and a region within 	





		 contrasting non- European country. Know difference between human and physical features. Give examples of human and physical features. 		a region in a European country	North or South America. • Give more varied examples of physical and human features.	
Human and Physical Geography	Knowledge of some familiar weather (UTW)	 Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom. Know the location of hot and cold areas of the world and location and names of the North and South Poles. 	 Know the different weather types. Know the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles. 			



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 Explore the natural world around them (UTW). Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials (UTW). Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things (UTW). Understand what can damage our environment (UTW). Introduce recycling. 	definition of beach, cliff, coast, sea, ocean.	 Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features and key human features. Know the definition of beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather (key physical features) city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop (key human features). 	 Understand and describe key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones. human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, 	 Understand and describe key aspects of: physical geography, including: biomes and vegetation belts, mountains, volcanoes and human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links 	 Understand and describe key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle and human geography, including: land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water. 	
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Geographical Skills Know the names of • Know the names of the countries of the the countries of the and Fieldwork United Kingdom as United Kingdom as well as the oceans well as the countries, continents and studied at this key stage. oceans studied at this Know examples of key key stage. landmarks (locally). Know examples of key landmarks in the United Kingdom. **Know locational Know locational** Use 2D and 3D Use 2D and 3D Use 2D and 3D Use the ٠ • ٠ ٠ ٠ • Use navigational and directional and directional maps, atlases, aerial maps, atlases, aerial maps, atlases, aerial eight language to follow simple photographs, globes photographs, globes photographs, globes points of a language, e.g. near language, e.g. directions (forwards and and far; left and North, South, East and digital/computer and digital/computer and digital/computer compass, backwards, up and down, and West; near and mapping (Google right. mapping (Google mapping (Google four and left and right). far; left and right. Earth) to locate Earth) to locate Earth) to locate six-figure • Use locational and directional . Use world maps, countries and countries and countries and grid Understand and locate language, to atlases and globes describe features describe features describe features references, items such as land/sea on describe the to identify the studied. Understand studied. Understand studied. Understand symbols a map. location of features United Kingdom the different types of the different types of the different types of and key maps and their uses maps and their uses Describe a familiar route. and routes on a and its countries. as maps and their uses (including including including including the use of (maths). map. well as the 3D/online/computer-3D/online/computer-3D/online/computer-Ordnance countries, • se world maps, • Follow a simple map of a continents and based. based. based. Survey atlases and familiar place. maps) to • Knowledge of an • Knowledge of an oceans studied at globes to increasing range of increasing range of build their this key stage identify the knowledge Knows examples of common symbols common symbols United of the found in maps. found in maps. different maps and Kingdom and United their uses. • Use fieldwork to its countries. Kingdom ٠ Understanding of observe, measure, and the common symbols record and present Knows how to the human and wider read a simple found on maps. physical features in world. map. Use simple Know the the local area using a compass Use aerial ٠ eight directions and range of methods, photographs including sketch points on a





	 and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; Understanding of common symbols found on maps. Devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key. 	locational and directional language, to describe the location of features and routes on a map. Understands how to read a basic grid reference following principle: along the corridor and up the stairs. Can read basic grid references e.g. letter and number.	maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies. Know basic measurement and recording skills including sketching maps, plans and graphs, and use of digital technologies.	compass. Know how to read four and six-figure grid references.
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